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Coercive Control /u0026 Cults: An Overview -- Steve Eichel Social Work, White Supremacy, and Racial Justice Symposium (Part 1) [David Cohen—Mad Science, Psychiatric Coercion and the Therapeutic State](#) 3 Books to Better Your Mental Health Mental Health Act Medical Law - Mental Health Act 1983 [Updated 2007] Involuntary commitment with Dr. Dinah Miller [Legislation On Coercive Mental Health](#) tal Health Act of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland concluded that reforms were needed to reduce coercion in mental health care and to support mental health service users in making their own decisions about treat-ment. The review stated that, " allowing everyone to make the

[An end to coercion: rights and decision-making in mental...](#)

The government ' s new coercive or controlling behaviour offence will mean victims who experience the type of behaviour that stops short of serious physical violence, but amounts to extreme...

[Coercive or controlling behaviour now a crime—GOV.UK](#)

The Equality Act 2010 is the law that protects you from discrimination and gives you the right to challenge it. You are protected by the Equality Act if you have certain protected characteristics, like a mental health problem. What areas of my life are protected under the Equality Act? The Equality Act protects you from discrimination when you:

[Equality Act 2010 | Mind, the mental health charity—help...](#)

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[Legislation on Coercive Mental Health Care in Europe...](#)

Coercive practices are used internationally in mental healthcare, yet they remain under-researched. In addition, the available research suggests that they are detrimental to the health, wellbeing, and human rights of mental health clients.

[Humanizing Mental Healthcare by Reducing Coercive Practices](#)

The bill was based on a coercive approach to treatment of people with psychosocial disabilities (mental health conditions) and people considered drug dependent, creating broad and poorly defined...

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Section 76 of the Serious Crime Act 2015 created a new offence of controlling or coercive behaviour in an intimate or family relationship. Prior to the introduction of this offence, case law...

[Controlling or Coercive Behaviour in an Intimate or Family...](#)

But if coercion is a necessary evil it is still an evil and mental health services need to find ways of resorting to it less. This will require a change of culture and, perhaps, for some mental...

[Too much coercion in mental health services | Mental...](#)

Australian legislation exists to allow for people with severe mental health conditions to be compulsorily treated. Picture: Shutterstock While most Australians who experience mental health conditions can seek help on a voluntary basis, legislation does allow for people with severe mental health conditions to be compulsorily detained and treated - regardless of their wishes.

[Coercion in mental health care: Finding a new way...](#)

The Mental Health Act (1983) is the main piece of legislation that covers the assessment, treatment and rights of people with a mental health disorder. People detained under the Mental Health Act need urgent treatment for a mental health disorder and are at risk of harm to themselves or others.

[Mental Health Act—NHS](#)

Christine is a Psychotherapist, Educator, Author and Supervisor of mental health professionals for over 28 years. She was part of a team in the Trauma Unit of St. Brendan ' s Psychiatric Hospital, Dublin, and has worked specifically with victims of pathological narcissistic abuse in her private practice for many years.

[What Is Coercive Control?—Narcissistic Behavior](#)

Recent changes in service provision and mental health law have intensified the debate regarding coercion (formal or informal) in community mental health care. For the first time in England and Wales there are explicit powers to mandate compliance with treatment in those outside hospital.

[Coercion and compulsion in community mental health care...](#)

On the criteria for detention, Mind urged the Review to work towards legislation that would give primacy to a person's capacity to make their own decision rather than revolving around their mental disorder and the risk they are perceived to present. The Final Report of the Mental Health Act review did not take up our suggestion.

[Discrimination in mental health services | Mind, the...](#)

For example, you may have changed the way you socialise, your physical or mental health may have deteriorated, you may have changed the way you do household chores or how you care for your children. If you have changed the way you live in order to keep you or your children safe from harm, it is possible that the behaviour you are experiencing is coercive control.

[Coercive control and the law—Rights of WomenRights of Women](#)

Coercion is one of the most fascinating and controversial subjects in psychiatry. It is a highly sensitive, and hotly debated topic in which clinical practice, ethics, the law and public policy converge. This book considers coercion within the healing and ethical framework of therapeutic relationships and partnerships at all levels, and addresses the universal problem of how to balance safety versus autonomy when dealing with psychiatric treatment.

[Coercive Treatment in Psychiatry | Wiley Online Books](#)

The review was set up to look at how the legislation in the Mental Health Act 1983 is used and how practice can improve. The purpose of the review is to understand the reasons for: rising rates of...

[Independent Review of the Mental Health Act—GOV.UK](#)

Coercive control is a form of psychological abuse whereby the perpetrator exerts power over a victim. 'Coercive control is effectively controlling behaviour, either a one-off act or a pattern of...

[Coercive control: what is it and what are the warning signs?](#)

The law changes mental health assessments in England and Wales, lowering the threshold for detention on mental health grounds (known as sectioning), by requiring only one doctor ' s recommendation....

[UK: COVID-19 Law Puts Rights of People with Disabilities...](#)

the Mental Health Act and the Guardianship Act Overview Coercive treatment is only available where voluntary treatment is not successful or the person lacks the capacity to consent to voluntary treatment. There are two statutory regimes which allow for coercive treatment of eating disorders Mental Health Act 2007 Guardianship Act 1987